



Statewide Connected Vehicles

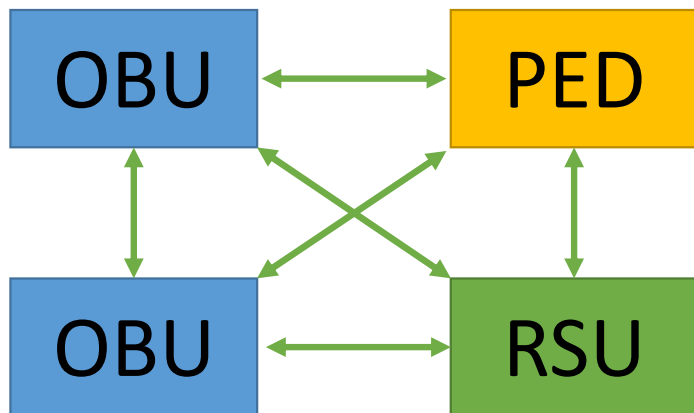
Deployment Experience and Future Plans



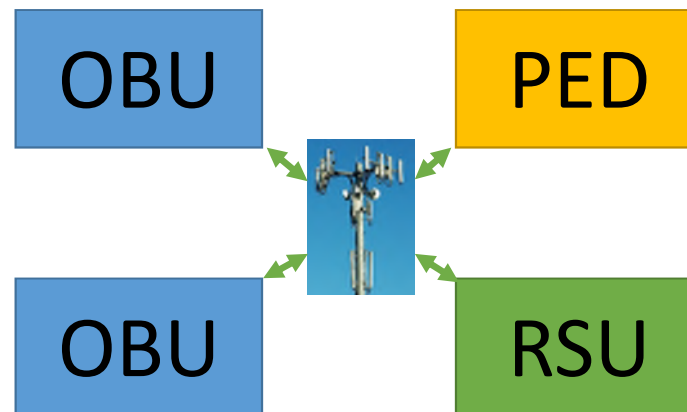


Point – to – point communications

V2X is this:



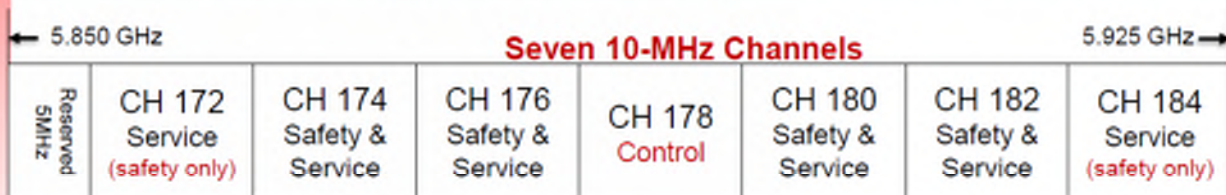
Not this:



V2X Spectrum in the US



- 5.9 GHz Spectrum is a free public resource
- **Only DSRC can be deployed legally in US 5.9 GHz**
- Channel switching (2 radios efficiently cover 7 channels)



Every channel used for **safety** apps

Ch. 172	BSM safety and small set of V2I safety apps
Ch. 174	I→V safety and mobility, to avoid cross-channel interference to Ch. 172
Ch. 176	VRU safety (PSM) D→V, and download from SCMS (I→V)
Ch. 178	Control channel: WSAs, and low-bandwidth safety (I→V)
Ch. 180	Non-BSM V2V safety (e.g. C-ACC, sensor sharing), and mobility (I→V)
Ch. 182	I→V safety and mobility
Ch. 184	FCC designation for public safety . Ex: Preemption, Emergency Alert

Interleaved V2V and V2I limits interference

Source: SAE J2945/0

BSM = Basic Safety Message VRU = Vulnerable Road User PSM = Personal Safety Message
 WSA = WAVE Service Advertisement SCMS: Security Confidential Management System

AASHTO SPaT Challenge

To challenge state and local public sector transportation Infrastructure Owners and Operators (IOOs) to deploy DSRC infrastructure with SPaT (and MAP) broadcasts in at least one corridor or network (approximately 20 signalized intersections) in each state by January 2020

20 intersections in 50 states by 2020!



26
States Committed

250+
Signals Operating

3,800+
Signals Planned

Pilot Deployment Objectives

Primary goal: Develop back-end infrastructure, network components, and business processes to support broad vehicle to infrastructure applications that is broadcast-medium agnostic, scalable, and sustainable.

Secondary goal: Begin broad installation of roadside units and equipped vehicles to facilitate applications that improve safety and mobility.

Primary Application Spaces:



Safety



Mobility



Freight

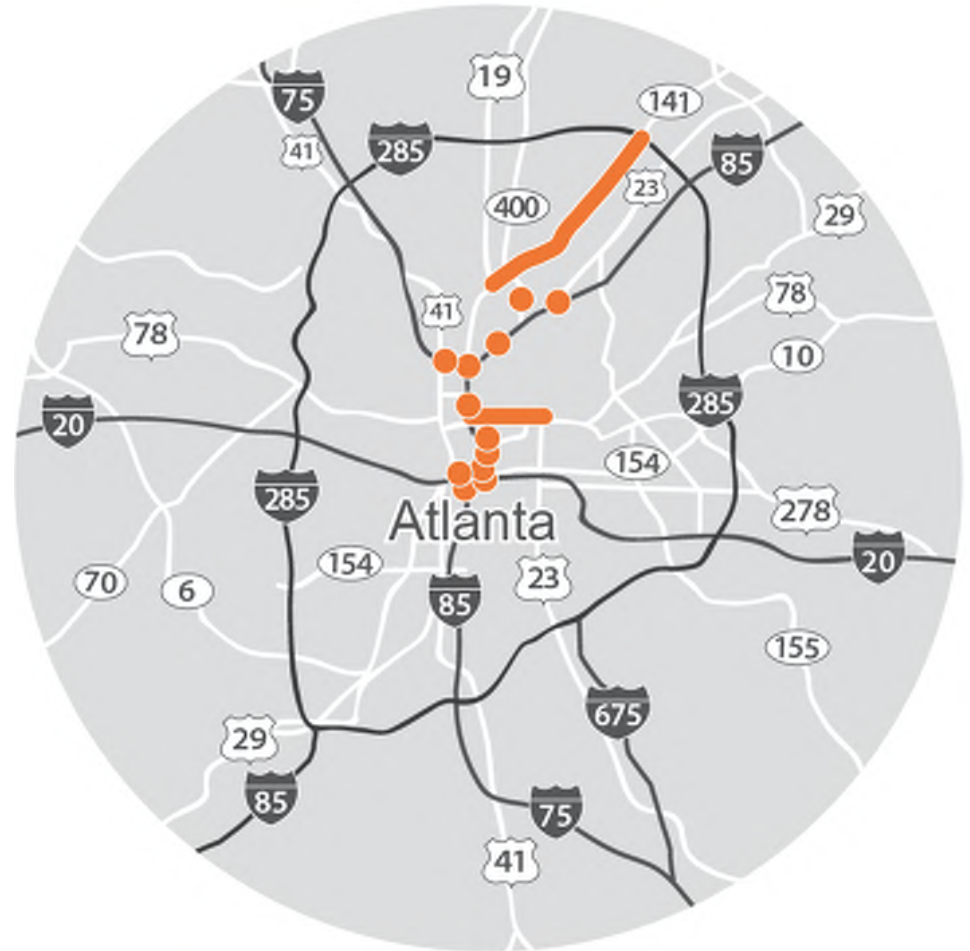


Partnerships

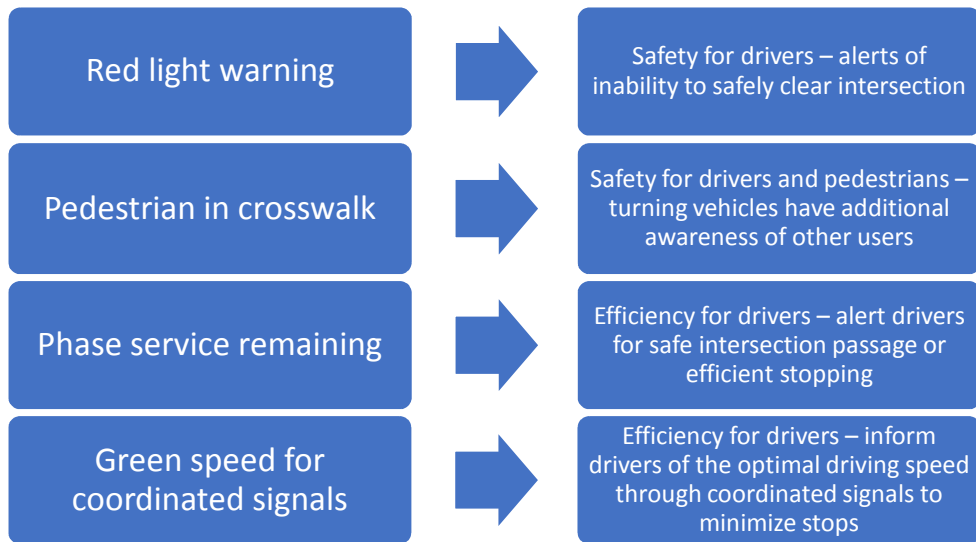
Active Deployments

Phase 1: Pilot – Active June 2018

- SR 141 (Peachtree) from SR 9 to I-285
- SR 8 (Ponce de Leon) from Peachtree to SR 42
- 54 traffic signals
- 12 ramp meters
- Signal Phasing and Timing (SPaT)
 - Red light warning
 - Pedestrian in signalized crosswalk (in development)
 - Phase termination/next signal phase
 - Green-band speed (Green light optimal speed)

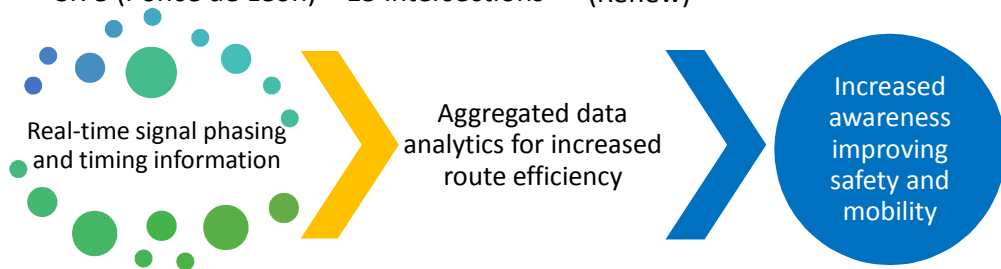


Phase 1 SPaT Applications



ACTIVE DSRC IN METRO ATLANTA

- SR 141 (Peachtree) – 39 intersections
- SR 8 (Ponce de Leon) – 15 intersections
- North Ave – 22 intersections (Renew)



Deployment



MAXTIME CV

- Search
- Home
- Status
- Connected Devices**
- SPaT Message

Connected Devices Status

Show All Devices

Device	Device Type	Peer ID	Connection Status
1	MaxTime	1	Connected
2	RSU 4.1 SPAT UDP	2	Connected
3	RSU 4.1 MAP UDP	3	Connected
4	RSU 4.1 TIM UDP	4	Connected

Deployment



MAXTIME CV

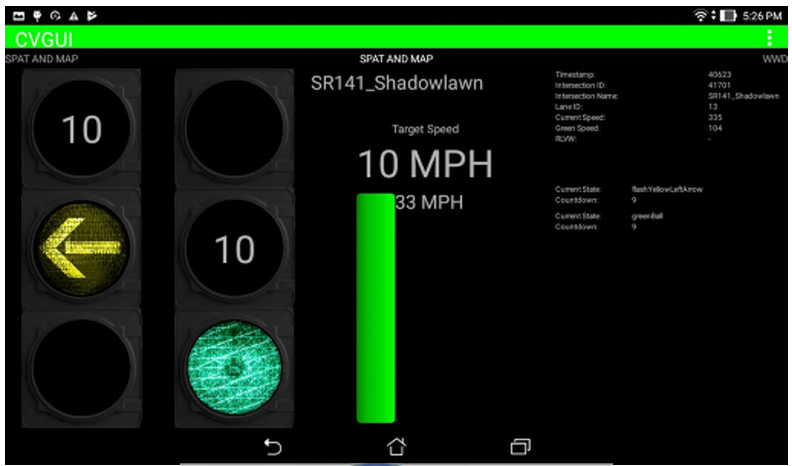
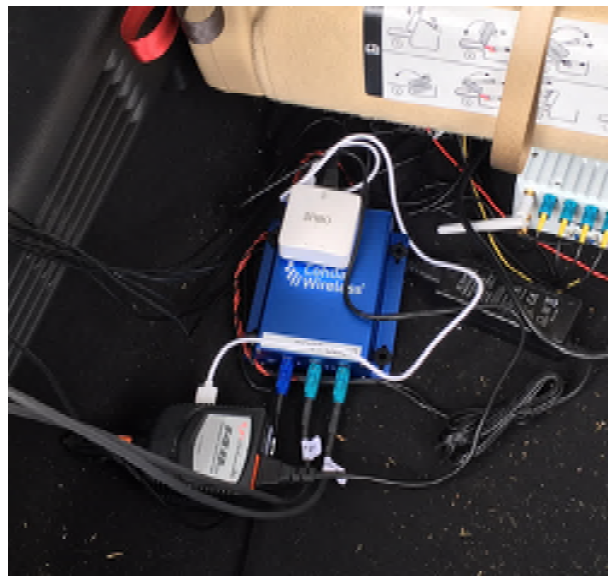
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Connected Devices Status

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Deployment



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MAXTIME CV

- Search
- Home
- Status
- Connected Devices**
- SPaT Message
- MAP Message

Connected Devices Status

Show All Devices

Device	Device Type	Peer ID	Connection Status
1	MaxTime	1	Connected
2	RSU 4.1 SPaT UDP	2	Connected
3	RSU 4.1 MAP UDP	3	Connected
4	RSU 4.1 TIM UDP	4	Connected
5	Generic RSU UDP	5	Connected

CVGUI 5:26 PM

SPAT AND MAP WWD

SR141_Shadowlawn

Target Speed

10 MPH

33 MPH

Timestamp:	40523
Intersection ID:	41701
Intersection Name:	SR141_Shadowlawn
Lane ID:	13
Current Speed:	335
Green Speed:	104
RLW:	-

Current State:	flashYellowLeftArrow
Countdown:	9
Current State:	greenBall
Countdown:	9

The screenshot displays the CVGUI interface for intersection SR141_Shadowlawn. On the left, there are two vertical traffic light columns. The top light in both columns shows a '10' seconds remaining. The middle light in the left column shows a yellow left-turn arrow, while the middle light in the right column shows a '10' seconds remaining. The bottom light in the right column is green. In the center, the 'Target Speed' is '10 MPH' and the 'Vehicle speed' is '33 MPH', represented by a green vertical bar. On the right, a 'Debug information' panel shows details like Timestamp: 40523, Intersection ID: 41701, Intersection Name: SR141_Shadowlawn, Lane ID: 13, Current Speed: 335, Green Speed: 104, and RLW: -. Below this, it shows Current State: flashYellowLeftArrow, Countdown: 9, and another Current State: greenBall, Countdown: 9. The interface has a green header with 'CVGUI' and a status bar at the top right showing '5:26 PM'.

Phase
service
remaining

Intersection
name

Debug
information

Minimum
speed
required to
clear green

Vehicle
speed

The screenshot displays the CVGUI mobile application interface. At the top, a green header bar contains the text "CVGUI" and a menu icon. Below the header, the interface is divided into several sections:

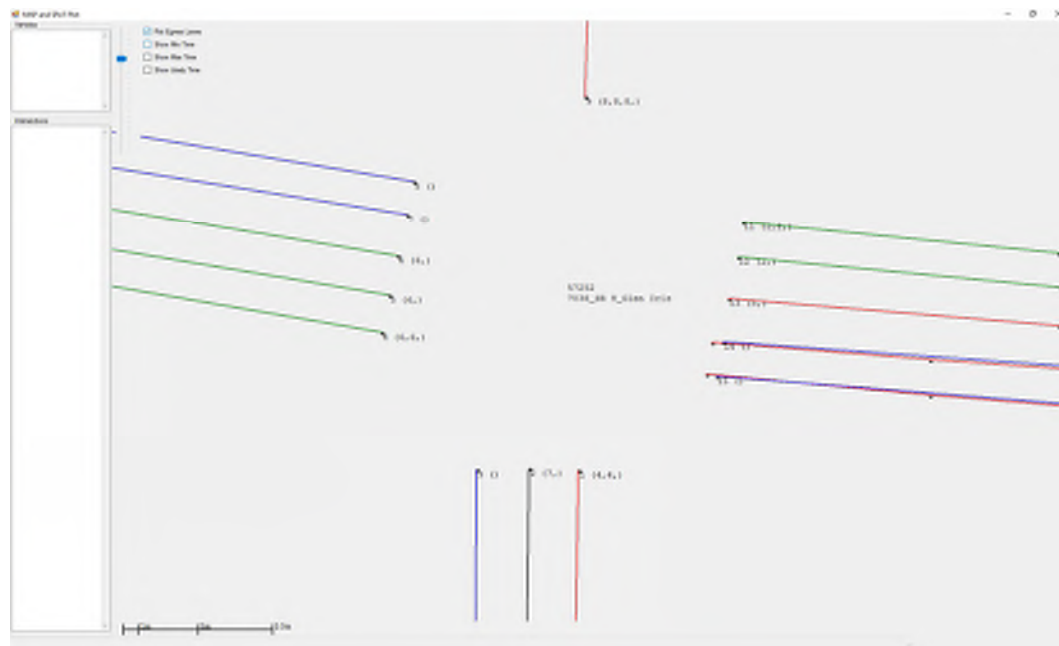
- APPLICABLE AND VISIBLE:** A vertical stack of three traffic light icons. The top icon is illuminated red. The middle icon is dark. The bottom icon is dark and displays the number "15".
- SPAT AND MAP:** A large central image of a traffic light, which is illuminated red.
- SPAT AND MAP (Metadata):** A table of data on the right side of the screen.

Timestamp:	2383
Intersection ID:	45538
Intersection Name:	SR141_SR237
Lane ID:	22
Current Speed:	335
Green Speed:	-
RLW:	1
- Current State:** redBall
- Countdown:** 14

A white text box with a black border is overlaid on the right side of the screen, containing the text "Red light running warning".

Validation and Testing

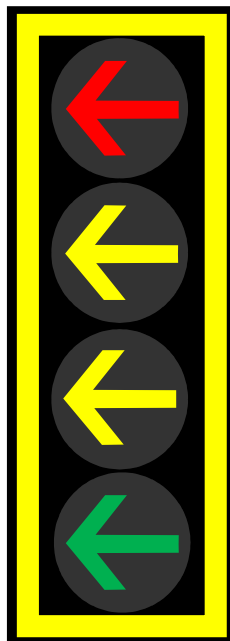
- Properly formatted, J2735-compliant messages
- Ingress lanes that include a ConnectsTo but that egress lane is not defined (or is not defined as an egress)
- Ingress lanes that do not include a ConnectsTo
- Ingress lanes that do not include a signal phase/approachId
- Incorrect or missing ingress/egress definitions for each approach
- Overlap/underlap of lanes and widths
- Incorrect 'ConnectsTo' lanes
- General layout and structure of lane paths/geometries
- Signal phases being reported as “dark” or “unavailable”
- Correctness of the time remaining values
- Inconsistency of the reported minTime and maxTime (ie. min greater than max)
- Unexpected changes in minTime and maxTime
- Accuracy of the reported phase vs the actual signal
- Transmit rate of each message type



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Project Challenges

- Device interoperability
 - Controller to RSU
 - RSU to OBU
 - OBU to OBU
- MAP message creation and validation
- Protected/permissive left turns
- What's a ramp meter?
- Application deployments
- Security credentialing
- Data
- Limited fleet
- Regional communications network



Phase 2 Deployment

Scalable
Deployment
Strategy

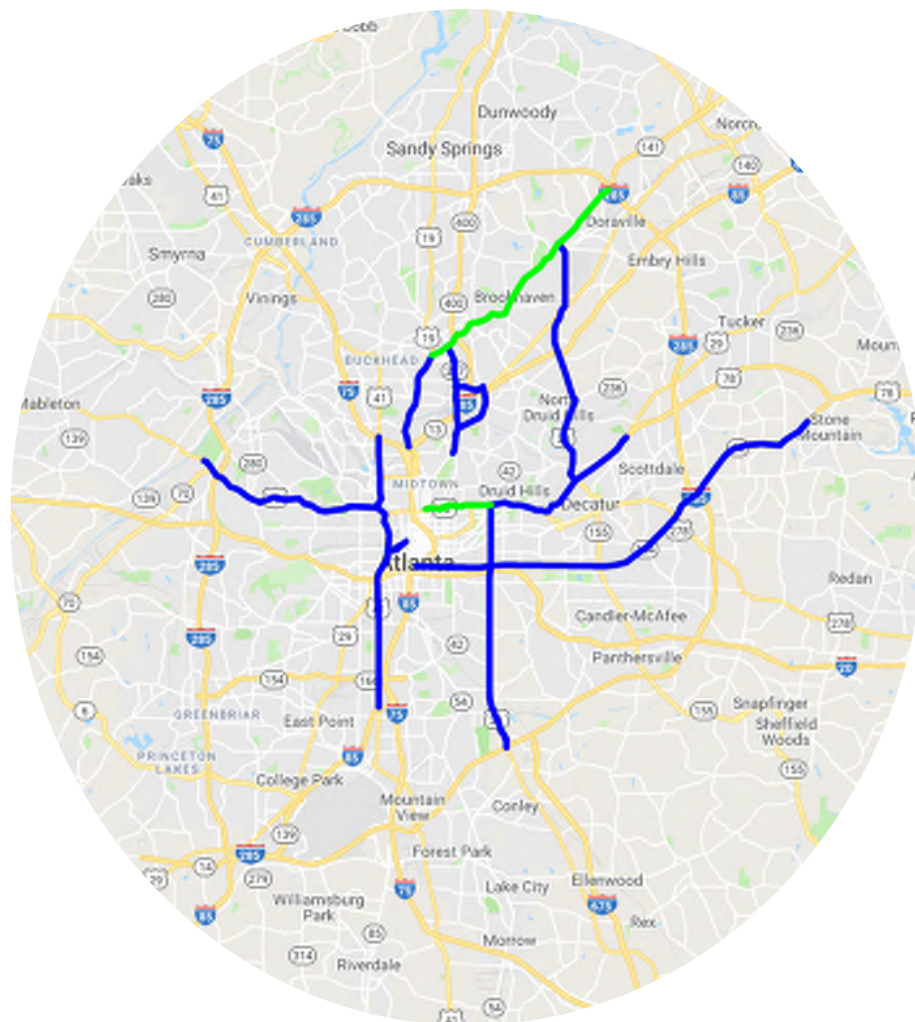
- Communications
- ATC Signal Controller
- DSRC Radio

**Broad deployment
potential in
Georgia**

Phase 2 Deployment

Phase 2.1: RTOP – March 2019

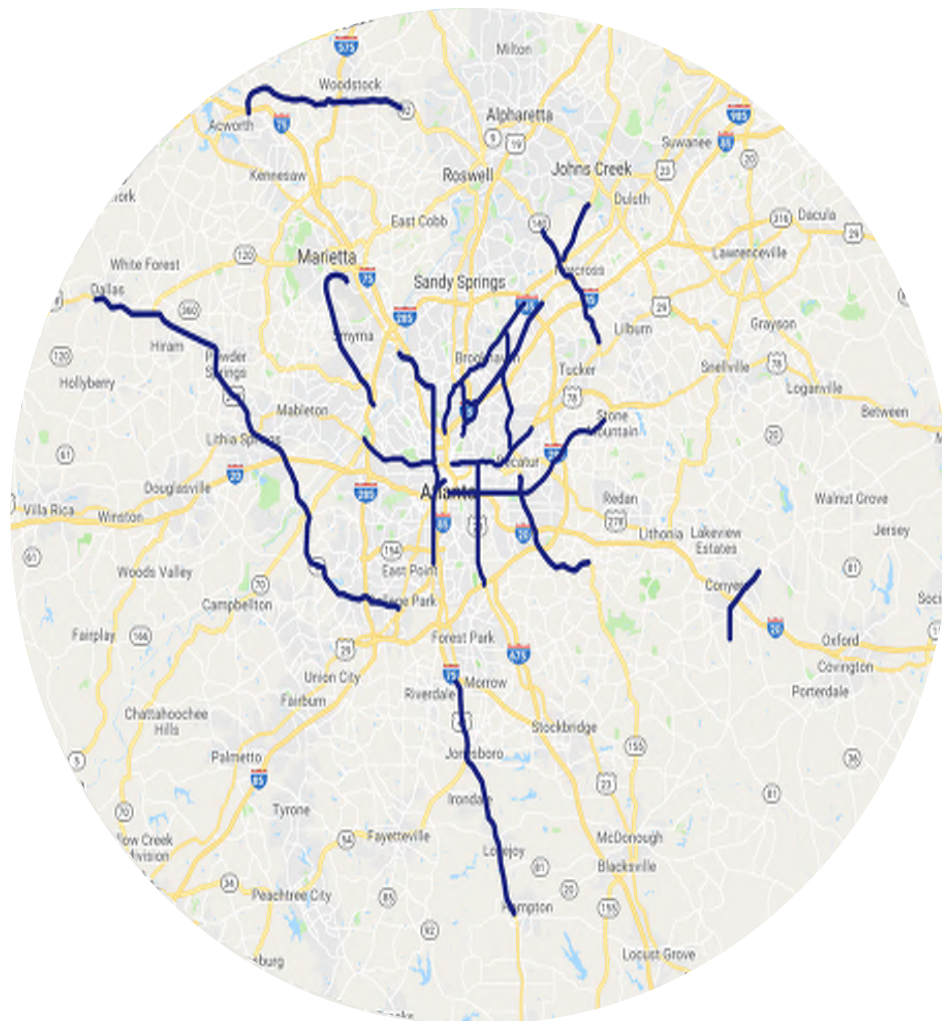
- First 250 of FY 2019 to be installed by mid-March 2019
- Connectivity on every major arterial in metro Atlanta
- Open data stream to third parties also available
- Activation delayed by government shutdown (FCC approval)



Phase 2 Deployment

Phase 2.2: RTOP – June 2019

- Additional 350 of FY 2019 to be installed by June 2019
- Connectivity on every major arterial in metro Atlanta
- Open data stream to third parties also available



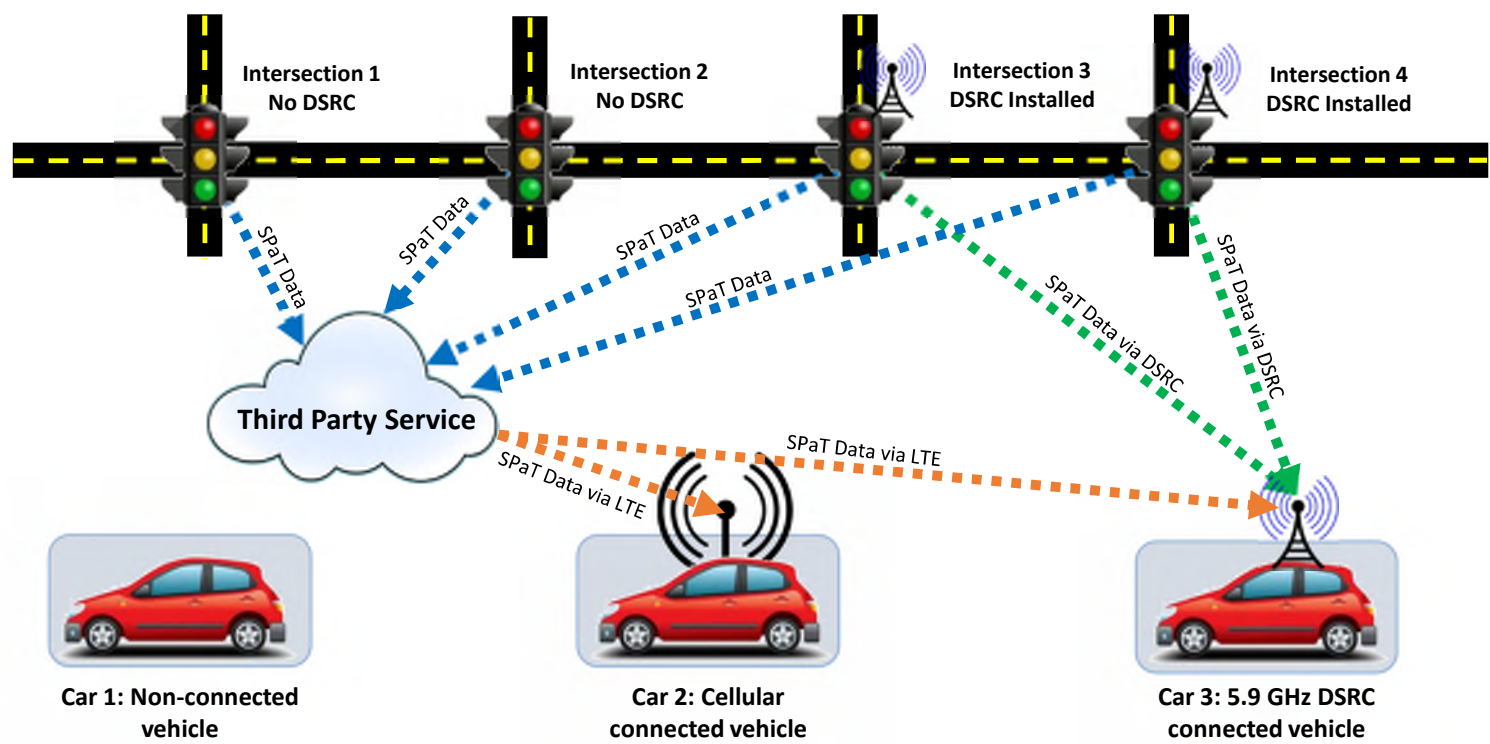
Phase 2 Deployment

Phase 2: RTOP – June 2020

- 1,700 traffic signals in metro Atlanta
- 185 ramp meter locations
- Safety applications
- Signal applications
 - Red light warning
 - Pedestrian in signalized crosswalk
 - Phase termination/next signal phase
 - Green-band speed
- Road and traffic conditions information

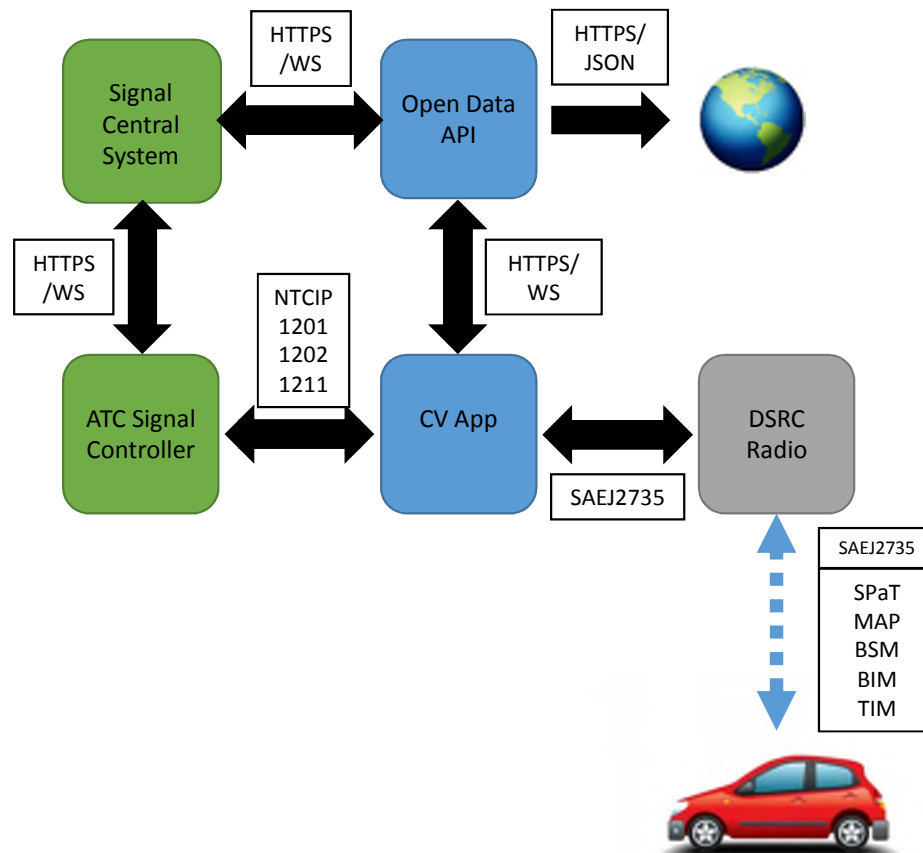


Multiple Broadcast Channels



GDOT CV Architecture

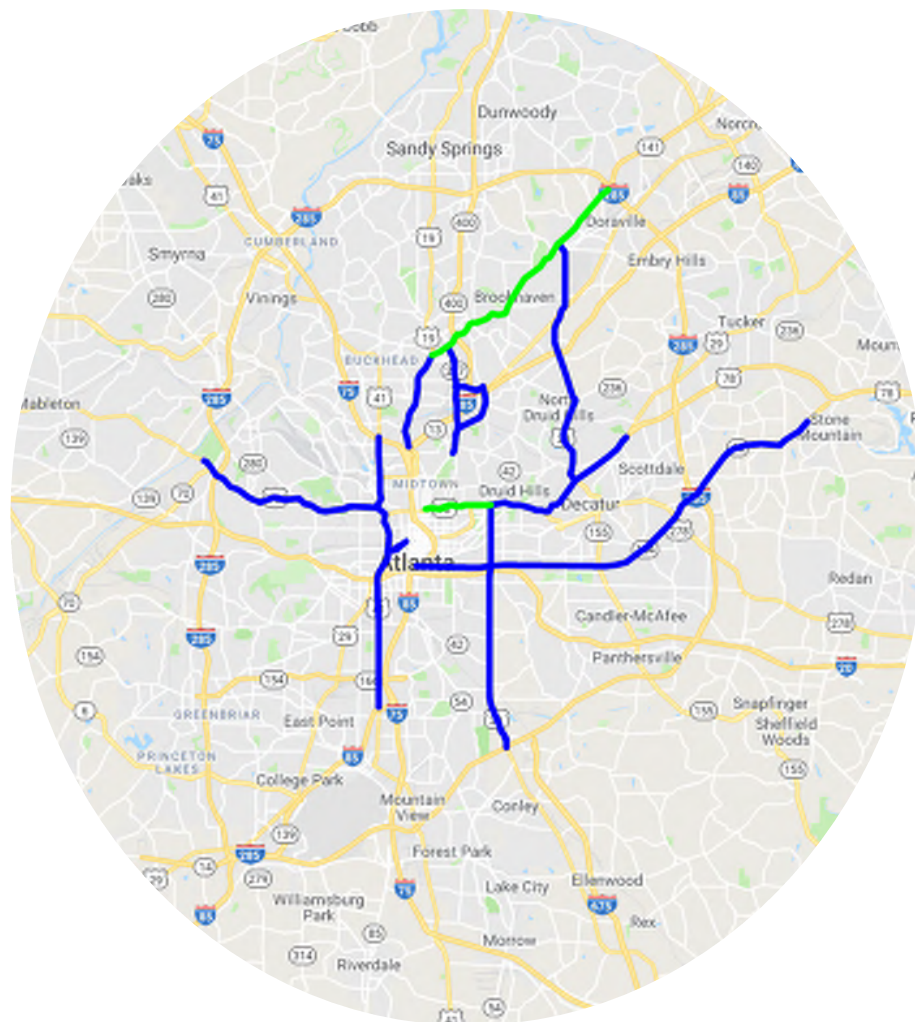
- CV Application resides on signal controller
- No additional hardware (outside of RSU) required
- Open access to third parties
- Controller can handle application
 - Signal priority



Phase 2 Deployment

Phase 2: RTOP – June 2020

- First 250 of FY 2019 to be installed by end of 2018
- Connectivity on every major arterial in metro Atlanta
- Open data stream to third parties also available



Phase 2 Deployment

Phase 2 Deployment Est.	FY 2019 (600)	FY 2020 (1100)
RSU Equipment	\$780,000	\$1,430,000
RSU Deployment	\$510,000	\$935,000
RSU Configuration & Support	\$1,200,000	\$2,200,000
TOTAL	\$2,490,000	\$4,565,000
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •1,700 Roadside units at \$1,300 per device. •RSU deployment at \$850 per location. •RSU configuration at \$2,000 per device. •OBU costs at \$1,000 per device (optional). 	Total:	\$7,055,000
	650 RSUs to be installed by Summer 2019	

Why is this important to GDOT?

Safety by the Numbers

- An estimated **39,141** people lost their lives on all modes of our transportation system in 2017. The vast majority—37,133 deaths—were from motor vehicle crashes^{A,B}
- Driver Factors: Of all serious motor vehicle crashes, **94 percent** involve driver-related factors, such as impaired driving, distraction, and speeding or illegal maneuvers.
- In 2017:
 - Nearly **11,000** fatalities involved drinking and driving.^C
 - Speeding was a factor in nearly **10,000** highway fatalities.^C
 - Nearly **3,500** fatal crashes* involved distracted drivers.^C
- Commercial Vehicles: **13 percent** of annual roadway fatalities occur in crashes involving large trucks.^C
- In 2017, **82 percent** of victims in fatal large truck crashes were road users who were not an occupant of the truck(s) involved.^C
- Professional Drivers: Professional drivers are **ten times** more likely to be killed on the job, and nearly nine times more likely to be injured on the job compared to the average worker.^C
- Pedestrians: **5,977** pedestrians were killed by motor vehicles in 2017, representing 16 percent of all motor vehicle fatalities.^C
- Highway-Rail Grade Crossings: Over the past decade, highway rail grade crossing fatalities averaged **253** per year, representing about one-third of total railroad-related fatalities.^A

Sources:
 A U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, special tabulation, September 8, 2018
 B NHTSA 2017 Fatal Motor Vehicle Crashes: Overview (DOT HS 812 608)
 C Beede, David, Regina Powers, and Cassandra Ingram, The Employment Impact of Autonomous Vehicles, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC, http://www.esa.doc.gov/sites/default/files/Employment%20Impact%20Autonomous%20Vehicles_0.pdf

* This number is likely underreported.



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